

Plateforme technologique de Calcul Intensif et Stockage de Masse



BELGIUM

Checkpointing

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What is checkpointing

\$./count

\$./count

\$./count

\$./count 1 2 3

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count \$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 1 Without checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 1

Without checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 1 With checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 4

I

Without checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 1 2 With checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 4 5

I

Without checkpointing: \$./count 2 3vC \$./count 2 3

With checkpointing:

\$./count 1 2 3^C \$./count 4 5 6

Without checkpointing: U With checkpointing: \$./countCheckpointing:/count saving' a computation so that it can be resumed later (rather than started again)

Checkpointing

Software

- If the software has (even partial) internal checkpointing: use it !
- Typically lightweight
- At meaningful time



Hardware

- If software specific is not available (or not enough)
- Damp the RAM/... on disk
 - Heavy/slow
- Can be done any time



Why do we need checkpointing

Wall-Time





Today Agenda

- How to checkpoint every iteration.
 - Easy just setting the stage
- How to checkpoint on demand.
 - Signal
 - Every X minutes

Today Agenda

- How to checkpoint every **iteration**.
 - Easy just setting the stage
- How to checkpoint on demand.
 - Signal
 - Every X minutes



Software

Demo #1

count.py Save state at each iteration File available at (on any clusters) /CECI/proj/training/checkpoint/2024

Using UNIX signals to reduce overhead : do not save the state at each iteration -- wait for the signal.

UNIX processes can receive 'signals' from the user, the OS, or another process

SIGHUP	1	Exit	Hangup
SIGINT	2	Exit	Interrupt
SIGQUIT	3	Core	Quit
SIGILL	4	Core	Illegal Instruction
SIGTRAP	5	Core	Trace/Breakpoint Trap
SIGABRT	6	Core	Abort
SIGEMT	7	Core	Emulation Trap
SIGFPE	8	Core	Arithmetic Exception
SIGKILL	9	Exit	Killed
SIGBUS	10	Core	Bus Error
SIGSEGV	11	Core	Segmentation Fault
SIGSYS	12	Core	Bad System Call
SIGPIPE	13	Exit	Broken Pipe
SIGALRM	14	Exit	Alarm Clock
SIGTERM	15	Exit	Terminated
SIGUSR1	16	Exit	User Signal 1
SIGUSR2	17	Exit	User Signal 2
SIGCHLD	18	Ignore	Child Status
SIGPWR	19	Ignore	Power Fail/Restart
SIGWINCH	20	Ignore	Window Size Change
SIGURG	21	Ignore	Urgent Socket Condition
SIGPOLL	22	Ignore	Socket I/O Possible
SIGSTOP	23	Stop	Stopped (signal)
SIGTSTP	24	Stop	Stopped (user)
SIGCONT	25	Ignore	Continued
SIGTTIN	26	Stop	Stopped (tty input)
SIGTTOU	27	Stop	Stopped (tty output)
SIGVTALRM	28	Exit	Virtual Timer Expired
SIGPROF	29	Exit	Profiling Timer Expired
SIGXCPU	30	Core	CPU time limit exceeded
SIGXFSZ	31	Core	File size limit exceeded
SIGWAITING	32	Ignore	All LWPs blocked
SIGLWP	33	Ignore	Virtual Interprocessor Interrupt for Threads Library
SIGAIO	34	Ignore	Asynchronous I/O

UNIX processes can receive 'signals' from the <u>user</u>, the OS, or another process

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SIGHUP	1	Exit	Hangup	
SIGINT	2	Exit	Interrupt]
SIGQUIT	3	Core	Quit]
SIGILL	4	Core	Illegal Instruction]
SIGTRAP	5	Core	Trace/Breakpoint Trap	
SIGABRT	6	Core	Abort	1
SIGEMT	7	Core	Emulation Trap	1
SIGFPE	8	Core	Arithmetic Exception	
SIGKILL	9	Exit	Killed	— KILL -9
SIGBUS	10	Core	Bus Error	
SIGSEGV	11	Core	Segmentation Fault	1
SIGSYS	12	Core	Bad System Call	1
SIGPIPE	13	Exit	Broken Pipe	1
SIGALRM	14	Exit	Alarm Clock	
SIGTERM	15	Exit	Terminated	1— kill
SIGUSR1	16	Exit	User Signal 1	
SIGUSR2	17	Exit	User Signal 2	1
SIGCHLD	18	Ignore	Child Status	1
SIGPWR	19	Ignore	Power Fail/Restart	1
SIGWINCH	20	Ignore	Window Size Change	1
SIGURG	21	Ignore	Urgent Socket Condition	1
SIGPOLL	22	Ignore	Socket I/O Possible	1
SIGSTOP	23	Stop	Stopped (signal)	1
 SIGTSTP	24	Stop	Stopped (user)	fa ha
SIGCONT	25	Ignore	Continued	- rg, by
SIGTTIN	26	Stop	Stopped (tty input)	1
SIGTTOU	27	Stop	Stopped (tty output)	1
SIGVTALRM	28	Exit	Virtual Timer Expired]
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SIGWAITING	32	Ignore	All LWPs blocked	
SIGLWP	33	Ignore	Virtual Interprocessor Interrupt for Threads Library]
SIGAIO	34	Ignore	Asynchronous I/O	
			23	•

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Demo #2

count-signal.py Catch control-C to save state

Slurm signaling abilities to manage checkpoint-able software in Slurm scripts on the clusters.

scancel is used to send signals to jobs

000	1. dfr@manneback (ssh)		
SCANCE	L(1) Slurm components	SCANCEL(1)	ń
NAME	scancel - Used to signal jobs or job steps that are under of Slurm.	the control	
SYNOPS	IS		
	<pre>scancel [OPTIONS] [job_id[_array_id] [job_id[_array_id][.step_id]]</pre>	[.step_id]]	
DESCRI	scancel is used to signal or cancel jobs, job arrays or job arbitrary number of jobs or job steps may be signaled using fication filters or a space separated list of specific job step IDs. If the job ID of a job array is specified with an value then only that job array element will be cancelled. ID of a job array is specified without an array ID value the array elements will be cancelled. A job or job step can o naled by the owner of that job or user root. If an attempt an unauthorized user to signal a job or job step, an error m be printed and the job will not be signaled.	steps. An job speci- and/or job array ID If the job n all job nly be sig- is made by essage will	
OPTION			
:			•

scancel -s SIGINT JOBID





Slurm has options for that



Slurm has options for that

--signal=SIGINT@60

send signal 60s before the wall-time

Signal will be send to the srun command of your script

--signal=B:SIGINT@120 send signal 120s before the wall-time Signal will be send to the slurm submission script



Slurm has options for that

--signal=SIGINT@60

send signal 60s before the wall-time

Signal will be send to the srun command of your script

--signal=B:SIGINT@120

send signal 120s before the wall-time Signal will be send to the slurm submission script

Slurm can auto-requeue

Note the --open-mode=append

× root@lm3-m001:~ (ssh)
File Edit Options Buffers Tools Sh-Script Help
//bin/bash
<pre>#SBATCHjob-name=test #SBATCHoutput=test.signal #SBATCHopen-mode=append #SBATCHtime=0-00:03:00 #SBATCHsignal=SIGINT@60 #SBATCHntasks=1 #SBATCHpartition=debug</pre>
<pre>date echo "restarted \${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT-0}" module load Python/2.7.14-foss-2017b pythonversion srunovercommit -n1 python ./count-signal.py</pre>

Note that we need the srun here

Adding requeuing automatically



Demo #3

slurm-signal-3.sh

Slurm send USR1 between 1 and 2 minutes Bash catch the message send Ctrl-c to python python: Catch control-C to save state Automatic resubmission

Making non restartable software restartable with DMTCP







MPI SLURM Infiniband



\$> Module load DMTCP

\$> dmtcp_launch XXX

Mode #1: Snapshot every X second



Mode #1: Snapshot every X second



\$> Module load DMTCP

\$> dmtcp_launch XXXX

\$> dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint

Mode #1: Snapshot every X second



\$> Module load DMTCP

\$> dmtcp_launch XXXX

\$> dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint

\$> ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh

Apply it for Slurm

1. Start DMTCP coordinator start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 ... <put dmtcp coordinator options here> ######################## 2. Launch application 2.1. If you use mpiexec/mpirun to launch an application, use the following command line: \$ dmtcp_launch --rm mpiexec <mpi-options> ./<app-binary> <app-options> 2.2. If you use PMI1 to launch an application, use the following command line: \$ srun dmtcp_launch --rm ./<app-binary> <app-options> # Note: PMI2 is not supported yet. 2.3. If you use the Stampede supercomputer at Texas Advanced Computing Center (TACC), use ibrun command to launch the application (--rm is not required): \$ ibrun dmtcp_launch ./<app-binary> <app-options> srun dmtcp_launch <-allow-file-overwrite python -u count-orig.py 10<&- 11>&-

start coordinator Snapshot every 10s

Normal job with decorator

35

Lemaitre4 specific!

Resubmit

Launch application#
#######################################
1 Start DMTCP coordinator
~~~~~
start_coordinator -i 10 -i 120 <put coordinator="" dmtcp="" here="" options=""></put>
#######################################
# 2. Restart application
***********
/bin/bash /dmtcn restart script sh -h \$DMTCP COORD HOST -n \$DMTCP COORD PORT
******
# If you use the Stampede supercomputer at lexas Advanced Computing Center
<pre># (TACC), add thehostfile option:</pre>
<pre># /bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h \$DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p \$DMTCP_COORD_PORT\</pre>
#hostfile \$HOSTFILE
***************************************

start coordinator

Script created by previous run

# Let's combine everything

Use DMTCP with periodic check add an additional checkpoint before wall time Auto resubmit

	#!/bin/bash	
	<pre># Put your SLURM options here</pre>	
	#SBATCHpartition=debug	# change to proper partition name or remove
	#SBATCHtime=00:00:30	# put proper time of reservation here
_	#SBATCHnodes=1	# number of nodes
	#SBATCHntasks-per-node=1	# processes per node
	#SBATCHjob-name="dmtcp_job"	, # change to your job name
	#SBATCHoutput=slurm.dmtcp	# change to proper file name or remove for defaults
	#SBATCHsignal=B:USR1@60	
	#SBATCHopen-mode=append	
444		****
###	Start DUTCD soordinator	~~~~~
# 1 ###	. Start DMICP coordinator	
###	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~
	nt coordinator i 10 # i 120 mut	dates coordinator options hono
Stu	$rt_coordinator - 1 10 \# - 1 120 \dots < put ($	amtcp coordinator options here>
444		****
###		~~~~~
# Z	. Launen application	****
ach	o "roquouo #\${\$111PM PESTAPT COUNT?"	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
ech	o requeue #\${SLONM_RESTART_COUNT}	
÷	FF a deter noctant conjut ch 88 "\${{}	PM RESTART COUNT $"I = "" ] $
LI	/hin/hash /dmtcn nostant script.sh && \${500	$\{P_{A}, P_{A}\} = J, Chen$
	/bth/bush ./unccp_resturt_script.sh -h	\$DMTCF_COORD_HOST -p \$DMTCF_COORD_FORT &
els	e	nito $nuthon -u count-onid nu 10.8 - 11.8 - 8$
fi		$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$
<del>-11-11-11</del>	****	****
### # 3	setup requeue for the wall time	***************************************
# 5	. setup requeue foi the wall time	h is needed
# N	######################################	
+im	$\frac{1}{1}$	***************************************
och	e "doing checknoint"	
dmt	cn commandbchecknoint	
slo	en 2	
Ach	o "doing checknoint: done"	
dm+	cn command auit	
slo	en 2	
510	ntrol requeue \$SLURM log TD	
300		
5		

'timeout' USR1

trap wait

#### **Periodic checkpoint**

#!/bin/bash	
<pre># Put your SLURM options here</pre>	
#SBATCHpartition=debug	# change to proper partition name or remove
#SBATCHtime=00:00:30	<pre># put proper time of reservation here</pre>
#SBATCHnodes=1	# number of nodes
#SBATCHntasks-per-node=1	# processes per node
<pre>#SBATCHjob-name="dmtcp_job"</pre>	# change to your job name
#SBATCHoutput=slurm.dmtcp	# change to proper file name or remove for default
<pre>#SBATCHsignal=B:USR1@60</pre>	
#SBATCHopen-mode=append	
	******
# 1. Start DMTCP coordinator	
start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 <put< td=""><td>dmtcp coordinator options here&gt;</td></put<>	dmtcp coordinator options here>
#######################################	*****
# 2. Launch application	
#######################################	****
<pre>echo "requeue #\${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}"</pre>	
if [[ -e dmtcp_restart_script.sh && "\${SLU	JRM_RESTART_COUNT}" != "" ]]; then
/bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h	<pre>\$DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p \$DMTCP_COORD_PORT &amp;</pre>
else	
<pre>srun dmtcp_launchallow-file-overw</pre>	rite     python -u count-orig.py 10<&- 11>&- &
fi	
#######################################	**********
# 3. setup requeue for the wall time	
<pre># Note the #SBATCHsignal=B:USR1@60 whice</pre>	h is needed
#######################################	**********
<pre>timeout(){</pre>	
echo "doing checkpoint"	
dmtcp_commandbcheckpoint	
sleep 2	
sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done"	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandguit</pre>	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandquit sleep 2</pre>	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandquit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM JOB TD</pre>	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandquit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID }</pre>	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandquit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID }</pre>	
<pre>sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_commandquit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID } trap 'timeout'_USR1</pre>	

#### Periodic checkpoint Checkpoint at walltime

```
/bin/bash
          Put your SLURM options here
         SBATCH --partition=debug
                                        # change to proper partition name or remove
         SBATCH --time=00:00:30
                                        # put proper time of reservation here
         SBATCH --nodes=1
                                        # number of nodes
          SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
                                        # processes per node
          SBATCH --job-name="dmtcp_job"
                                        # change to your job name
         #SRATCH __output_slurm dmtcp
                                        # change to proper file name or remove for defaults
         #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60
         #SBATCH --open-mode=append
 1. Start DMTCP coordinator
    ****
start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 ... <put dmtcp coordinator options here>
# 2. Launch application
echo "requeue #${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}"
if [[ -e dmtcp_restart_script.sh && "${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" != "" ]]; then
   /bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h $DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p $DMTCP_COORD_PORT &
else
     srun dmtcp_launch --allow-file-overwrite
                                               python -u count-orig.py 10<&- 11>&- &
fi
 3. setup requeue for the wall time
 Note the #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 which is needed
timeout(){
ecno aoing cneckpoint"
dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint
sleep 2
echo "doing checkpoint; done"
dmtcp_command --quit
sleep 2
```

scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID

trap 'timeout' USR1
wait

#### **Periodic checkpoint Checkpoint at walltime**

!/bin/bash Put your SLURM options here SBATCH --partition=debug # change to proper partition name or remove SBATCH --time=00:00:30 # put proper time of reservation here #SBATCH --nodes=1 # number of nodes #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1 # processes per node SBATCH --job-name="dmtcp_job" # change to your job name #SBATCH --output=slurm.dmtcp # change to proper file name or remove for defaults #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 SBATCH --open-mode=append 1. Start DMTCP coordinator **** python -u count-orig.py 10<&- 11>& & srun dmtcp_launch --allow-file-overwrite

start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 ... <put dmtcp coordinator options here> # 2. Launch application echo "requeue #\${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" if [[ -e dmtcp_restart_script.sh && "\${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" != "" ]]; then /bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h \$DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p \$DMTCP_COORD_PORE & else fi 3. setup requeue for the wall time # Note the #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 which is needed timeout(){ echo "doing checkpoint" dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_command --quit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID trap 'timeout' USR1 wait

Periodic checkpoint Checkpoint at walltime

**Auto-resubmit** 

```
!/bin/bash
          Put your SLURM options here
          SBATCH --partition=debug
                                        # change to proper partition name or remove
          SBATCH --time=00:00:30
                                        # put proper time of reservation here
         #SBATCH --nodes=1
                                        # number of nodes
         $BATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
                                        # processes per node
          SBATCH --job-name="dmtcp_job"
                                        # change to your job name
                                        # change to proper file name or remove for defaults
         #SBATCH --output=slurm.dmtcp
         #SRATCH -- signal -R·USR1@60
         #SBATCH --open-mode=append
 1. Start DMTCP coordinator
    ****
start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 ... <put dmtcp coordinator options here>
# 2. Launch application
echo "requeue #${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}"
if [[ -e dmtcp_restart_script.sh && "${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" != "" ]]; then
   /bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h $DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p $DMTCP_COORD_PORT &
else
     srun dmtcp_launch --allow-file-overwrite
                                                python -u count-orig.py 10<&- 11>&- &
fi
 3. setup requeue for the wall time
# Note the #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 which is needed
timeout(){
echo "doing checkpoint"
dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint
sleep 2
echo "doing checkpoint; done"
dmtcp_command --quit
scontrol requeue $SLURM_JOB_ID
```

trap 'timeout' USR1

wait

#### Periodic checkpoint Checkpoint at walltime

**Auto-resubmit** 

!/bin/bash Put your SLURM options here SBATCH --partition=debug # change to proper partition name or remove SBATCH --time=00:00:30 # put proper time of reservation here #SBATCH --nodes=1 # number of nodes #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1 # processes per node SBATCH --job-name="dmtcp_job" # change to your job name #SBATCH --output=slurm.dmtcp # change to proper file name or remove for defaults #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 SBATCH --open-mode=append 1. Start DMTCP coordinator ***** start_coordinator -i 10 # -i 120 ... <put dmtcp coordinator options here> # 2. Launch application echo "requeue #\${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" if [[ -e dmtcp_restart_script.sh && "\${SLURM_RESTART_COUNT}" != "" ]]; then /bin/bash ./dmtcp_restart_script.sh -h \$DMTCP_COORD_HOST -p \$DMTCP_COORD_PORT & else srun dmtcp_launch_--allow-file-overwrite python -u count-orig.p 10<&- 11>& & fi 3. setup requeue for the wall time # Note the #SBATCH --signal=B:USR1@60 which is needed timeout(){ echo "doing checkpoint" dmtcp_command --bcheckpoint sleep 2 echo "doing checkpoint; done" dmtcp_command --quit sleep 2 scontrol requeue \$SLURM_JOB_ID

trap 'timeout' USR1

wait

### Demo #4

slurm_dmtcp_solution.sub



| Summary, | Wrap-up and | Conclusions.

#### Never click 'Discard' again...

